ST. JAMES TOWNSHIP CHARLEVOIX COUNTY, MICHIGAN

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND OTHER FINANCIAL INFORMATION

for the year ended March 31, 2008

MASON & KAMMERMANN, P.C. CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS CHARLEVOIX, MICHIGAN

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MASON & KAMMERMANN, P.C.

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

HUGH E. MASON VELDA K. KAMMERMANN 110 Park Avenue Charlevoix, Michigan 49720 Telephone (231) 547-4911 Facsimile (231) 547-5911

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

June 27, 2008

Members of the Township Board St James Township Beaver Island, Michigan

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of St James Township of Charlevoix County, Michigan as of and for the year ended March 31, 2008, which collectively comprise the Township's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Township's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of St James Township as of March 31, 2008, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

The management's discussion and analysis and budgetary comparison information, on pages 3 through 8 and 31 through 38, are not a required part of the basic financial statements but are supplementary information required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. We have applied certain limited procedures, which consisted principally of inquiries of management regarding the methods of measurement and presentation of the required supplementary information. However, we did not audit the information and express no opinion on it.

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the financial statements that collectively comprise St James Township's basic financial statements. The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements have been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

Man a Kammen PC

Mason & Kammermann, P.C. Certified Public Accountants

Management's Discussion & Analysis June 27, 2008

This section of St. James Township's annual financial report presents our discussion and analysis of the financial performance of the Township during the fiscal year ended March 31, 2008.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis introduces the Township's basic financial statements that follow this section. These financial statements are in a new format implemented over this fiscal year to comply with Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement 34 (GASB 34). St. James Township's basic financial statements are comprised of three components: government-wide financial statements, fund financial statements and the notes to the financial statements. Additionally, this report also contains other supplementary information to the basic financial statements.

Government-wide Statements

The government-wide statements report information about the Township as a whole using accounting methods similar to those used by private-sector companies. The Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities includes all of the Township's assets and liabilities. All of the current year's revenues and expenses are accounted for in the Statement of Activities regardless of when cash is received or paid.

The Statement of Net Assets presents information on all of St. James Township's assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as net assets. Over time, increases or decreases in net assets may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of St. James Township is improving or deteriorating.

The Statement of Activities presents changes in the government's net assets during the most recent fiscal year, on the full accrual basis of accounting.

Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements provide information separated into related areas to demonstrate how resources have been allocated for specific activities or functions. St. James Township, like other governmental entities, uses fund accounting to ensure compliance with the requirements of accounting standards and laws. St. James Township uses three categories of funds, which are governmental, proprietary and fiduciary funds.

Management's Discussion & Analysis June 27, 2008

Governmental Funds

Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions as reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

St. James Township maintains three major governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances for the General, Road and Fire Funds. The Liquor Fund and Debt Service Fund are considered nonmajor funds. Data from the other governmental funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation.

The Township adopts an annual appropriated budget for its general fund and special revenue funds. A budgetary comparison statement has been provided for the general fund and other major funds to demonstrate compliance with these budgets.

Proprietary Funds

Proprietary funds are used to account for the services provided by the Township where the Township charges customers (whether external or internal) for the services it provides. These funds use accrual accounting. The Township maintains one enterprise fund that is used to report the sewer operations and maintenance. It is reported as a business-type activity in the government-wide financial statements.

Fiduciary Funds

Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources collected and held for the benefit of the Township and other governmental units outside the government. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statement because the resources of those funds are not available to support the Township's own programs.

Management's Discussion & Analysis June 27, 2008

Financial Analysis of the Township as a Whole

The table below shows, in a condensed format, the Township's net assets as of March 31, 2008 and 2006:

Net Assets March 31, 2008 and 2006

	Gover	Governmental Business-Type				
	Acti	Activities Activities		tivities	To	tal
	2008	2006	2008	2006	2008	2006
<u>Assets</u>						
Current assets	\$ 476,264	\$ 396,543	\$ 51,335	\$ 33,324	\$ 527,599	\$ 429,867
Noncurrent assets	1,723,320	1,644,412	838,378	901,864	2,561,698	2,546,276
Total assets	2,199,584	2,040,955	889,713	935,188	3,089,297	2,976,143
Liabilities and Net Assets						
Current liabilities	78,575	58,991	-	-	78,575	58,991
Noncurrent liabilities	480,365	551,000			480,365	551,000
Total liabilities	558,940	609,991	-	-	558,940	609,991
Net assets:						
Invested in capital assets, net	1,173,005	1,038,412	838,378	901,864	2,011,383	1,940,276
Restricted	297,955	112,140	-	-	297,955	112,140
Unrestricted	169,684	280,412	51,335	33,324	221,019	313,736
Total net assets	\$1,640,644	\$ 1,430,964	\$ 889,713	\$ 935,188	\$ 2,530,357	\$2,366,152

The total net assets are \$2,530,357 for the Township. The township has \$169,684 of unrestricted governmental net assets, which could be used to finance the day-to-day operations without constraints established by debt covenants, enabling legislation, or other legal requirements.

Management's Discussion & Analysis June 27, 2008

The following table shows how activities affected changes in net assets during the fiscal years ended March 31, 2008 and 2006.

Change in Net Assets For the Years Ended March 31, 2008 and 2006

	Gove	rnmental	Busine	ss-Type		
	Act	tivities	Acti	Activities		otal
Revenues:	2008	2006	2008	2006	2008	2006
Program Revenues						
Charges for services	\$ 8,897	\$ 6,861	\$ 60,230	\$ 63,654	\$ 69,127	\$ 70,515
Capital grants & contributions	95,668	33,878	-	29,989	95,668	63,867
General Revenues:						
Property taxes	302,585	224,087	-	-	302,585	224,087
Special assessment	43,275	30,134	-	-	43,275	30,134
Administrative fees	20,305	10,375	-	-	20,305	10,375
State shared revenues	28,860	29,176	-	-	28,860	29,176
Reimbursements	13,773	-	-	-	13,773	-
Interest	1,945	1,467	546	80	2,491	1,547
Other	983	12,994	2,223	2,700	3,206	15,694
Total Revenues	516,291	348,972	62,999	96,423	579,290	445,395
Expenses:						
Legislative	56,876	70,091	-	-	56,876	70,091
General government	125,295	115,980	-	-	125,295	115,980
Community/economic develop.	4,257	2,902	-	-	4,257	2,902
Public safety	120,072	81,715	-	-	120,072	81,715
Public works	29,359	27,840	112,233	111,294	141,592	139,134
Recreation and cultural	103,238	91,900	-	-	103,238	91,900
Interest on long-term debt	24,648	12,477			24,648	12,477
Total Expenses	463,745	402,905	112,233	111,294	575,978	514,199
Change in net assets	\$ 52,546	\$ (53,933)	\$ (49,234)	\$ (14,871)	\$ 3,312	\$ (68,804)

Management's Discussion & Analysis June 27, 2008

Revenue sources and changes

Total revenue from all sources totaled \$579,290, of which \$516,291 was from governmental activities and \$62,999 was from business-type activities. Revenue from governmental activities consists primarily of \$302,585 (59%) from property taxes, \$95,668 (19%) from operating grants and contributions, \$43,275 (8%) from special assessments, and \$28,860 (6%) from state shared revenues.

Expenses

Using the full accrual basis of accounting, the Township spent \$463,745 on governmental activities. This equates to 27.0% on general government, 25.9% on public safety, 22.3% on recreation and culture, 12.2% on legislative activities, 6.3% on public works, 5.3% on interest on long-term debt and 1.0% on community and economic development.

Business-type Activity Highlights

Business-type activities show a decrease in net assets of \$49,234 on revenues of \$62,999. Revenue for business-type activities consists primarily of \$60,230 (96%) from charges for services.

Financial Analysis of the Township's Funds

At March 31, 2008, the Township's governmental funds reported a combined cash of \$412,244 for governmental activities, which is approximately \$75,845 less than last year.

Revenues in the General Fund exceeded expenses by \$7,726.

The Fire Fund had a \$21,950 decrease in its fund balance this year. This was primarily due to capital outlay expenditures being higher than projected.

The Road Fund had a \$68,084 increase in its fund balance for the year. This was mainly due to road improvement expenses being less than anticipated.

The nonmajor funds had a \$35,275 decrease in their collective fund balance.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

The Uniform Budget Act of the State of Michigan requires that the Board approve the original budget for the upcoming fiscal year prior to its starting on April 1. Any amendments made to the operating budget must be approved by the Board prior to the close of the year on March 31.

Management's Discussion & Analysis June 27, 2008

The following schedule shows a comparison of the original fund budget, the final amended general fund budget and actual totals from operations:

				Variance
	Original	Final		Favorable
	Budget	Budget	Actual	(Unfavorable)
Total Revenues	\$ 320,575	\$ 320,575	\$ 292,999	\$ (27,576)
Total Expenditures	242,856	242,856	285,273	(42,417)
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$ 77,719	\$ 77,719	\$ 7,726	\$ (69,993)

There was no change in the Total Revenue Original Budget to the Final Budget.

Capital Assets

At fiscal year ended March 31, 2008, the Township has \$1,723,320 in governmental capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation. In agreement with Peaine Township, both townships spent a combined total of \$50,757 on jointly owned land and improvements, \$86,526 on jointly owned buildings and improvements, and \$91,641 in jointly owned equipment.

Likewise, the Township had \$838,378 in capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation for business-type activities.

Capital assets include all purchases of assets that exceed \$1,000. Capital assets include: land and improvements, buildings and improvements, infrastructure and equipment. The Township uses straight-line depreciation for all depreciable assets.

Long-Term Debt

The Township had \$550,315 of outstanding long-term debt for governmental activities as of March 31, 2008.

Requests for Information

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of St. James Township's finances for all of those with an interest in the township's finances. If you have questions concerning this report or requests for any additional financial information, please contact St. James Township, 37735 Michigan Ave, Beaver Island, MI 49782.

Statement of Net Assets March 31, 2008

	Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities	Total	
<u>Assets</u>				
Current Assets				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 412,244	\$ 44,776	\$ 457,020	
Due from other funds	15	-	15	
Accounts receivable Taxes receivable	- 64.005	6,559	6,559	
Taxes receivable	64,005	·	64,005	
Total current assets	476,264	51,335	527,599	
Noncurrent Assets				
Capital assets	2,649,381	994,733	3,644,114	
Less accumulated depreciation	(926,061)	(156,355)	(1,082,416)	
Total noncurrent assets	1,723,320	838,378	2,561,698	
Total assets	2,199,584	889,713	3,089,297	
Liabilities and Net Assets				
Current Liabilities				
Accounts payable	3,863	-	3,863	
Accrued payroll taxes	4,762	-	4,762	
Current portion of long-term debt	69,950	<u> </u>	69,950	
Total current liabilities	78,575	-	78,575	
Long-Term Liabilities				
Long-term debt, net current portion	480,365	<u> </u>	480,365	
Total liabilities	558,940	-	558,940	
Net Assets				
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	1,173,005	838,378	2,011,383	
Restricted	297,955	-	297,955	
Unrestricted	169,684	51,335	221,019	
Total net assets	\$ 1,640,644	\$ 889,713	\$ 2,530,357	

The accompanying notes are a part of the financial statements.

Statement of Activities For The Year Ended March 31, 2008

Net Revenue (Expense) and	Change	in	Net
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		Program Revenues			Assets		
Governmental Activities	Expenses	Charges for Services	Operating Grants & Contributions	Capital Grants & Contributions	Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities	Total
Covernmental Activities							
Legislative General government Community and economic development Public safety Public works Recreation and culture Interest on long-term debt	\$ 56,876 125,295 4,257 120,072 29,359 103,238 24,648	\$ - 5,748 3,149 - - - -	\$ - 51,519 - 44,149 - -	\$ - - - - - -	\$ (56,876) (68,028) (1,108) (75,923) (29,359) (103,238) (24,648)	\$ - - - - - - -	\$ (56,876) (68,028) (1,108) (75,923) (29,359) (103,238) (24,648)
Total Government Activities	463,745	8,897	95,668	-	(359,180)	-	(359,180)
Business-type Activities Yacht dock Sewer	98,403 13,830	51,067 9,163		<u> </u>		(47,336) (4,667)	(47,336) (4,667)
Total Business-Type Activities	112,233	60,230				(52,003)	(52,003)
Total Primary Government	\$ 575,978	\$ 69,127	\$ 95,668	\$ -	(359,180)	(52,003)	(411,183)
	General Revenue Taxes: Property taxe Special asses Administrative f State shared re Reimbursemen Interest Other Total general rev Change in Net A Net Assets - Ap	s sment ees venues ts enues Assets			302,585 43,275 20,305 28,860 13,773 1,945 983 411,726 52,546 1,588,098	2,769 (49,234) 938,947	302,585 43,275 20,305 28,860 13,773 2,491 3,206 414,495 3,312 2,527,045
	Net Assets - Ma	rch 31, 2008			\$ 1,640,644	\$ 889,713	\$ 2,530,357

The accompanying notes are a part of the financial statements.

Governmental Funds Balance Sheet March 31, 2008

<u>Assets</u>	General	Road	Fire	Nonmajor Funds	Total
Cash and cash equivalents Due from other funds Taxes receivable	\$ 151,734 15 26,560	\$ 133,595 - 11,233	\$ 99,834 - 5,616	\$ 27,081 - 20,596	\$ 412,244 15 64,005
Taxes receivable	20,300	11,233	5,610	20,590	04,003
Total assets	\$ 178,309	\$ 144,828	\$ 105,450	\$ 47,677	\$ 476,264
Liabilities and Fund Balances					
Liabilities:					
Accounts payable Accrued payroll taxes	\$ 3,863 4,762	\$ - -	\$ - -	\$ - -	\$ 3,863 4,762
Total liabilities	8,625	-	-	-	8,625
Fund Balances: Unreserved Unreserved, reported in nonmajor:	169,684	144,828	105,450	-	419,962
Debt service Liquor fund				44,377 3,300	44,377 3,300
Total fund balances	169,684	144,828	105,450	47,677	467,639
Total liabilities & fund balances	\$ 178,309	\$ 144,828	\$ 105,450	\$ 47,677	\$ 476,264

Governmental Funds Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Assets March 31, 2008

Total Fund Balances - Governmental Funds	\$	467,639
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Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Assets are different because:

Long term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and are not reported in the governmental funds balance sheet

Bonds payable	(480,365)
Current portion of long-term debt	(69,950)

Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and are not reported in the governmental funds balance sheet.

Capital assets	2,649,381
Accumulated depreciation	(926,061)

Total Net Assets - Governmental Activities \$ 1,640,644

Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances For The Year Ended March 31, 2008

	General	Road	Fire	Nonmajor Funds	Total
Revenues:					
Property taxes	\$ 176,013	\$ 84,371	\$ 42,201	\$ -	\$ 302,585
Special assessment	-	-	-	43,275	43,275
Administrative fees	20,305	-	-	-	20,305
State shared revenue	27,060	-	-	1,800	28,860
Contributions from governmental units	51,519	-	42,949	-	94,468
Local contributions	-	-	1,200	-	1,200
Charges for services	5,748	-	-	-	5,748
Licenses and permits	3,149	-	-	-	3,149
Reimbursements	7,733		6,040		13,773
Interest	774	604	567	-	1,945
Other	698		285		983
Total revenues	292,999	84,975	93,242	45,075	516,291
Expenditures:					
Current:					
Legislative	56,876	-	-	-	56,876
General government	100,091	-	-	-	100,091
Community & economic development	4,257	-	-	-	4,257
Public safety	4,630	-	81,837	-	86,467
Public works	8,365	12,593	-	-	20,958
Recreation and culture	86,435	-	-	-	86,435
Capital outlay	24,619	-	33,355	-	57,974
Debt service:					
Principal	-	-	-	60,000	60,000
Interest		4,298		20,350	24,648
Total expenditures	285,273	16,891	115,192	80,350	497,706
Excess of Revenues over (under) Expenditures	7,726	68,084	(21,950)	(35,275)	18,585
Fund Balances - April 1, 2007	161,958	76,744	127,400	82,952	449,054
Fund Balances - March 31, 2008	\$ 169,684	\$ 144,828	\$ 105,450	\$ 47,677	\$ 467,639

Governmental Funds Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities For The Year Ended March 31, 2008

52,546

Net Change in Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds	\$ 18,585
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:	
Governmental funds report capital outlays and intangible assets as expenditures in the statement of activities. These costs are allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation or amortization.	
Depreciation Expense Capital Outlay	(84,013) 57,974
Repayment of bond principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but not in the statement of activities (where it reduces long-term debt)	 60,000

Changes in Net Assets - Governmental Activities

Proprietary Fund Statement of Net Assets March 31, 2008

<u>Assets</u>	Yacht Dock	Sewer	Total
Current Assets			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 37,984	\$ 6,792	\$ 44,776
Accounts receivable		6,559	6,559
Total current assets	37,984	13,351	51,335
Noncurrent Assets			
Capital assets	994,733	-	994,733
Less accumulated depreciation	(156,355)	-	(156,355)
Total noncurrent assets	838,378		838,378
Total accets	Ф 07C 2C2	ተ 40 0 54	Ф 000 7 40
Total assets	\$ 876,362	\$ 13,351	\$ 889,713
Net Assets			
Net Assets:			
Invested in capital assets	838,378	-	838,378
Fund balance - undesignated	37,984	13,351	51,335
Total net assets	\$ 876,362	\$ 13,351	\$ 889,713

Proprietary Fund Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance For The Year Ended March 31, 2008

	Yacht Dock	Sewer	Total
Operating Revenues: Charges for services Other	\$ 51,067 2,223	\$ 9,163 -	\$ 60,230 2,223
Total operating revenues	53,290	9,163	62,453
Operating Expenses Salaries and wages	36,768	5,636	42,404
Payroll taxes Insurance Utilities	507 3,132 8,050	440 - 755	947 3,132 8,805
Repairs and maintenance Licenses and permits Property taxes	4,097 - 4,544	5,499 1,500 -	9,596 1,500 4,544
Supplies	1,977		1,977
Total operating expenditures	59,075	13,830	72,905
Total operating loss before depreciation	(5,785)	(4,667)	(10,452)
Depreciation expense	(39,328)		(39,328)
Total operating income (loss)	(45,113)	(4,667)	(49,780)
Nonoperating Revenue Interest income	444	102	546
Change in Net Assets	(44,669)	(4,565)	(49,234)
Net Assets - April 1, 2007	921,031	17,916	938,947
Net Assets - March 31, 2008	\$ 876,362	\$ 13,351	\$ 889,713

The accompanying notes are a part of the financial statements.

Proprietary Fund Statement of Cash Flows For The Year Ended March 31, 2008

	Ya	cht Dock	Sewer	Total
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES: Fees and services Payments for goods and services	\$	53,290 (59,075)	\$ 2,604 (13,830)	\$ 55,894 (72,905)
Net cash used by operating activities		(5,785)	(11,226)	(17,011)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES Interest earned		444	102	546
NET DECREASE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS		(5,341)	(11,124)	(16,465)
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, April 1, 2007		43,325	17,916	61,241
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, March 31, 2008	\$	37,984	\$ 6,792	\$ 44,776
COMPONENTS OF CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS: Unrestricted	\$	37,984	\$ 6,792	\$ 44,776
RECONCILIATION OF NET OPERATING INCOME TO NET CASH PROVIDED BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES: Operating loss Depreciation Adjustments to reconcile operating loss to net cash used by operating activities, Increase in accounts receivable	\$	(45,113) 39,328	\$ (4,667) - (6,559)	\$ (49,780) 39,328
		(5.705)		(6,559)
Net cash used by operating activities	\$	(5,785)	\$ (11,226)	\$ (17,011)

Fiduciary Fund Statement of Net Assets March 31, 2008

Assets
Cash \$ 15

Liabilities
Due to other funds \$ 15

The accompanying notes are a part of the financial statements.

Fiduciary Fund Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Assets For The Year Ended March 31, 2008

Additions: Property Tax Collections for: Primary Government Other Governments Component Unit Interest Income	\$ 1,089,657 12,107,378 20,425 17,780
Total Additions	 13,235,240
Deductions: Property Tax Distributions for: Primary Government Other Governments Component Unit Total Distributions	 1,107,437 12,107,378 20,425 13,235,240
Change in Net Assets	-
Fiduciary Net Assets - April 1, 2007	
Fiduciary Net Assets - March 31, 2008	\$

Notes To Financial Statements For The Year Ended March 31, 2008

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accounting policies of the St. James Township (Township) conform to accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as applicable to governmental units. The following is a summary of the significant accounting policies used by the St. James Township.

A. Reporting Entity

The Township operates under a Board-Supervisor form of government and provides the following services: public safety (fire), public improvements, planning and zoning, and general administrative services.

In accordance with generally accepted accounting principles and Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 14, *The Financial Reporting Entity* and GASB Statement No. 39, *Determining Whether Certain Organizations are Component Units*, these financial statements present the Local Unit (primary government). The criteria established by the GASB statements for determining the reporting entity includes oversight responsibility, fiscal dependency, and whether the financial statements would be misleading if data were not included. Based on these criteria, the Township has blended component units.

Blended Component Units

Peaine and St. James Townships are the two townships on Beaver Island. These townships support the below-listed common facilities on a 50-50 basis. The facilities supported are controlled by and blended in the comprehensive financial statements of:

PEAINE TOWNSHIP

ST. JAMES TOWNSHIP

Beaver Island Waste Management Fund Emergency Medical Services Fund Beaver Island Airport Fund Beaver Island Fire Department Fund Cemetery Fund

Yacht Dock

Notes To Financial Statements For The Year Ended March 31, 2008

The Beaver Island Yacht Dock is also operated jointly and controlled by St. James Township. Revenues were sufficient to support the yacht dock operations for the year ended March 31, 2008. Operating deficiencies are shared on the following basis:

PEAINE	ST. JAMES
<u>TOWNSHIP</u>	TOWNSHIP
33 1/3 pct.	66 2/3 pct.

Financial statements for those funds that are controlled by Peaine Township may be obtained by contacting Peaine Township on Beaver Island, Michigan.

B. Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e. the statement of net assets and the statement of changes in net assets) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the primary government. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities, normally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segments are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include: (1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment; and (2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenue.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds and major individual enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

Notes To Financial Statements For The Year Ended March 31, 2008

C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the proprietary fund and fiduciary fund financial statements. Revenue is recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenue in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenue is recognized as soon as it is both measurable and available. Revenue is considered available if it is collected within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, expenditures relating to compensated absences, and claims and judgments are recorded only when payment is due.

Property taxes, state-shared revenue, and interest associated with current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenue of the current fiscal period. All other revenue items are considered to be available only when cash is received by the government.

General Fund – The General Fund is the general operating fund of the Township. It is used to account for all financial resources except those that are required to be accounted for in another fund.

Special Revenues Fund – Special Revenue Funds are used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources (other than expendable trusts or major capital projects) that are legally restricted to expenditures for specified purposes.

Agency Fund – The Agency Fund is used to account for assets held by the Township in a trustee capacity or as an agent for individuals, private organizations, other governments and/or other funds. Agency Funds are custodial in nature (assets equal liabilities) and do not involve measurement of results of operations.

Notes To Financial Statements For The Year Ended March 31, 2008

The Township reports the following major proprietary funds:

Sewer Fund – The Sewer Fund accounts for the activities of the sewage collection system.

Yacht Dock Fund – The Yacht Dock Fund accounts for the activities of the yacht dock.

D. Assets, Liabilities, and Net Assets or Equity

Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash is comprised of the amount of funds in bank accounts.

Cash Equivalents consisting of certificates of deposit are stated at cost or amortized cost, which approximates market.

Receivables and Payables

Activity between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as "due to/from other funds".

Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment, infrastructure assets (e.g., roads, bridges, sidewalks, and similar items) are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities column in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the government as assets with an initial individual cost of more than \$1,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of two years. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation.

Property, plant and equipment are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following useful lives.

Land Improvements	20 years
Infrastructure	40 years
Buildings and Improvements	40 years
Equipment	5 years

Notes To Financial Statements For The Year Ended March 31, 2008

Long-term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements, outstanding debt is reported as liabilities. Bond issuance costs, bond discounts or premiums, and the difference between the reacquisition price and the net carrying value of refunded debt are capitalized and amortized over the terms of the respective bonds using a method that approximates the effect of interest method.

The governmental fund financial statements recognize the proceeds of debt and premiums as other financing sources of the current period. Issuance costs are reported as expenditures.

As of March 31, 2008, the Township had \$550,315 of outstanding long-term debt.

Fund Equity

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report reservations of fund balance for amounts that are not available for appropriation or are legally restricted by outside parties for use for a specific purpose. Designations of fund balance represent tentative management plans that are subject to change.

Use of Estimates

The Township used estimates and assumptions in preparing financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. Those estimates and assumptions affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, the disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities, and the reported revenues and expenditures. Actual results could vary from the estimates that were assumed in preparing the financial statements.

NOTE 2 – STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE AND ACCOUNTABILITY

Budgets and Budgetary Accounting

The Township follows these procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

- 1. Prior to April 1, the Supervisor submits to the Township Board a proposed operating budget for the fiscal year commencing the following April 1. The operating budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them.
- 2. Public hearing is conducted to obtain taxpayer comments.

Notes To Financial Statements For The Year Ended March 31, 2008

- 3. The budget is legally enacted through passage of an ordinance prior to April 1.
- 4. The budget is adopted at the total fund level on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles. Budget amounts are as originally adopted, or as amended by the Township Board during the year.
- 5. Appropriations expire at the end of the fiscal year.

Excess of Expenditures over Appropriations in Budgeted Funds

The Uniform Budgeting and Accounting Act, PA 2 of 1968, as amended, (MCL 141.421 et seq.) provides that a local governmental unit shall not incur expenditures in excess of the amount appropriated. St. James Township's budgeted and actual expenditures for the funds budgeted have been shown on a function basis.

During the year, the Township incurred expenditures in the General and Fire Fund in excess of the amounts appropriated, as follows:

Fund/Function	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance
General Fund	\$ 242,856	\$ 242,856	\$ 285,273	\$ 42,417
Fire Fund	83,544	83,544	115,192	31,648

Accumulated Fund Deficits

The St. James Township had no funds with an accumulated fund balance/retained earnings deficit at March 31, 2008.

NOTE 3 – DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

Michigan Compiled Laws, Section 129.91, authorizes the Local Unit to deposit and invest in the accounts of federally insured banks, credit unions, and savings and loan associations; bonds, securities and other direct obligations of the United States, or any agency or instrumentality of the United States; United States government or federal agency obligation repurchase agreements; banker's acceptance of United States banks; commercial paper rated within the two highest classifications, which mature not more than 270 days after the date of purchase; obligations of the State of Michigan or its political subdivisions which are rated as investment grade; and mutual funds composed of investment vehicles which are legal for direct investment by local units of government in Michigan. Financial institutions eligible for deposit of public funds must maintain an office in Michigan.

Cash and Cash Equivalents – At March 31, 2008, the carrying amounts of the Township's cash and cash equivalents were \$457,020.

The nature of the investment funds does not allow for risk categorization, which is in accordance with GASB Statement No. 3.

Federal Depository Insurance – Of the above balances, \$368,705 was covered by federal depository insurance and U.S. Government guarantees. The remaining \$88,315 was uninsured and uncollateralized. State statutes prohibit security in the form of collateral, surety bonds or another form to be taken for the deposit of public funds. The township may experience significant fluctuations in deposit balances during the year.

NOTE 4 – PROPERTY TAXES

Property taxes attach as an enforceable lien (due and payable) on property upon levy. Taxes are levied in December and are payable from December through February 28. The Township bills and collects its own property taxes and also taxes for other governmental units. Collections of the other governmental units' taxes and remittances of them to the units are accounted for in the Agency Fund. Property tax revenues are recognized when levied.

The Township is permitted by state law, subject to State Headlee and Truth-in-Taxation provision, to levy taxes up to \$1.00 per \$1,000 of assessed valuation for general governmental services other than the payment of principal and interest on long-term debt and unlimited amounts for payment of principal and interest on general obligation long-term debt.

The tax rates for the year ended March 31, 2008 were as follows:

PURPOSE	RATE/ ASSESSED VALUATION
Operations	
Operations:	
General Operations (Allocated)	.9275 per \$1000
General Operations (Voted)	3.0147 per \$1000
Waste Transfer Station	1.6232 per \$1000
Medical Center	1.9526 per \$1000
Roads	1.9526 per \$1000
Airport	.9275 per \$1000
Fire Protection	.9763 per \$1000
EMS	.6618 per \$1000
Historical Society	.2500 per \$1000

NOTE 5 – CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity of the primary government for the current year was as follows

	Balance of April 1, 2007	Additions	Disposal	Balance of March 31, 2008
Capital assets Infrastructure				
Solely Owned	\$ 1,250,000	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,250,000
Land and Improvements	00.000			00.000
Solely Owned	83,836		-	83,836
Jointly Owned (100% of assets)	320,651	50,757_		371,408
Total Land and Improvements	404,487	50,757	-	455,244
Buildings and Improvements				
Solely Owned	61,057	-	-	61,057
Jointly Owned (100% of assets)	309,723	86,526		396,249
Total Buildings and Improvements	370,780	86,526	-	457,306
Equipment and Furniture				
Solely Owned	111,814	-	-	111,814
Jointly Owned (100% of assets)	283,376	91,641		375,017
Total Equipment and Furniture	395,190	91,641	-	486,831
Total Capital Assets	2,420,457	228,924	-	2,649,381
Less: Accumulated Depreciation:	(842,048)	(84,013)		(926,061)
Net Capital Assets	\$ 1,578,409	\$ 144,911	\$ -	\$ 1,723,320

Depreciation expense was charged to the Township's functions as follows:

General Government	25,204
Public Safety	33,605
Public Works	8,401
Recreation & Culture	 16,803
	\$ 84,013

Capital asset activity of the proprietary funds for the current year was as follows:

	Balance of April 1, 2007	Additions	Disposal	Balance of March 31, 2008
Capital assets Buildings and Improvements Jointly Owned	\$ 994,733	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 994,733
Less: Accumulated Depreciation:	(117,027)	(39,328)		(156,355)
Net Capital Assets	\$ 877,706	(39,328)	\$ -	\$ 838,378

NOTE 6 – LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS

A summary of long-term obligations at March 31, 2008, and transactions related thereto for the year then ended as follows:

	Balance April 1, 2007		A	Additions Reductions		Balance ch 31, 2008	
Notes Payable: \$175,000 bank installment contract due in quarterly installments of \$4,410 including interest of 5.0 percent per annum Charlevoix State Bank through December 2011	\$	73,713	\$	-	\$	14,398	\$ 59,315
\$251,000 governmental obligation bond payable in annual installments of \$20,000 - \$25,000 through July, 2015, plus interest of 4.5 percent per annum Charlevoix State Bank		211,000		-		20,000	191,000
\$500,000, special assessment unlimited tax bonds, due in annual installments of \$35,000 - \$40,000 through April 1, 2016, plus interest of 3.45 – 5.25 percent per annum Charlevoix State Bank		325,000		-		25,000	300,000
	\$	609,713	\$	-	\$	59,398	\$ 550,315

The annual principal requirements for the years ending thereafter are as follows:

Year ended	G	ieneral
March 31	Long-Ter	m Obligations
2009	\$	69,950
2010		75,712
2011		76,513
2012		77,138
2013		66,000
2014 and thereafter		185,002
Total	\$	550,315

NOTE 7 – RECEIVABLES AND PAYABLES

Receivables for the primary government at March 31, 2008 are as follows:

	 neral und	Trust and Agency Fund		
Interfund Receivable Interfund Payable	\$ 15 -	\$ - 15		
	\$ 15	\$ 15		

NOTE 8 – PENSION PLAN

Elected members of the Township Board are eligible to participate in the St. James Township Pension Plan administered by Municipal Underwriters Insurance Company, a defined contribution plan. There are no unfunded liabilities. The Township is required to contribute 5 percent of each participant's annual compensation. Participant contributions are not required, but voluntary non-deductible contributions are allowed. Retirement expense totaled \$6,970 for the year based on eligible wages. Total payroll expense for all funds for the year ended March 31, 2008 was \$148,533.

NOTE 9 – FUND EQUITY RESERVATIONS AND DESIGNATIONS

The Fire Fund has \$105,450 designated for public safety.

The Road Fund has \$144,828 designated for public works.

The Liquor Fund has \$3,300 designated for public safety.

The Debt Service Fund has \$44,377 designated for debt service.

Notes To Financial Statements For The Year Ended March 31, 2008

NOTE 10 – RISK MANAGEMENT

The Township is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts, theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; error and omissions; injuries to employees and natural disasters.

The Township belongs to the Michigan Township Participating Plan, which currently operates as a common risk management and insurance program for various municipalities throughout the state. The Township pays an annual premium for its general insurance and workman's compensation coverage. The Plan is self-sustaining through member premiums and 100% reinsures through commercial companies.

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Budgetary Comparison - General Fund For The Year Ended March 31, 2008

		Original Budget	Final Budget		Actual		Variance Favorable (Unfavorable)	
Revenues:								
Taxes:								
Property taxes	\$	163,707	\$	163,707	\$	176,013	\$	12,306
Administrative fees		16,371		16,371		20,305		3,934
State revenues:								
State shared revenues		12,000		12,000		27,060		15,060
Contributions from governmental units		66,303		66,303		51,519		(14,784)
Charges for services		6,748		6,748		5,748		(1,000)
Licenses and permits		5,000		5,000		3,149		(1,851)
Reimbursements		44,161		44,161		7,733		(36,428)
Interest		6,000		6,000		774		(5,226)
Other income		285		285		698		413
Total revenues		320,575		320,575		292,999		(27,576)
Expenditures: Legislative								
Township Board		0.004		0.004		0.004		
Salaries		8,264		8,264		8,264		- - 710
Payroll taxes		7,000		7,000		1,284		5,716
Pension		10,000		10,000		6,960		3,040 749
Professional services		5,000		5,000		4,251		
Printing and publications		40,000		40,000		1,539		(1,539)
Insurance Travel		16,000		16,000		20,662 231		(4,662)
		3,000		3,000				(231)
Other expenses		3,000		3,000		13,685		(10,685)
Total legislative		49,264		49,264		56,876		(7,612)
General Government Township Supervisor								
Salary		13,946		13,946		13,909		37
Clerical		900		900		900		
Total township supervisor		14,846		14,846		14,809		37
Township Clerk								
Salary		15,185		15,185		15,145		40
Wages, deputy clerk		1,200		1,200		1,200		-
Supplies		1,500		1,500		1,470		30
Total township clerk		17,885		17,885		17,815		70

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Budgetary Comparison - General Fund For The Year Ended March 31, 2008

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance Favorable (Unfavorable)
Township Treasurer				
Salary	13,946	13,946	13,946	-
Wages, deputy treasurer	1,320	1,320	1,320	-
Supplies			7,730	(7,730)
Total township treasurer	15,266	15,266	22,996	(7,730)
Township Assessor				
Salary	20,123	20,123	20,069	54
Supplies	1,000	1,000	2,544	(1,544)
Total township assessor	21,123	21,123	22,613	(1,490)
Township Board of Review	900	900	1,043	(143)
Elections	500	500	2,261	(1,761)
Building and Grounds				
Utilities	4,500	4,500	6,422	(1,922)
Waste and snow removal	2,748	2,748	1,163	1,585
Repairs and maintenance	1,800	1,800	8,272	(6,472)
Other expenses	3,000	3,000	2,697	303
Total building & grounds	12,048	12,048	18,554	(6,506)
Total General Government	82,568	82,568	100,091	(17,523)
Community and Economic Development Planning and Zoning				
Wages	3,500	4,700	3,430	1,270
Supplies	-	- -	827	(827)
Total community and economic development	4,700	4,700	4,257	443
Public Safety Police	-	-	4,630	(4,630)
Public Works				
Street lighting	-	-	8,365	(8,365)

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Budgetary Comparison - General Fund For The Year Ended March 31, 2008

	Original			Variance Favorable
	Budget	Final Budget	<u>Actual</u>	(Unfavorable)
Recreation and Culture				
Salaries and wages	27,392	27,392	6,214	21,178
Repairs and maintenance	23,000	23,000	62,300	(39,300)
Supplies	8,000	8,000	13,251	(5,251)
Utilities	-	-	4,133	(4,133)
Other expenses	-	-	537	(537)
Total recreation and culture	58,392	58,392	86,435	(28,043)
Capital Outlay	47,932	47,932	24,619	23,313
Total expenditures	242,856	242,856	285,273	(42,417)
Excess of Revenues over (under) Expenditures	77,719	77,719	7,726	(69,993)
Fund Balance - April 1, 2007	161,958	161,958	161,958	
Fund Balance - March 31, 2008	\$ 239,677	\$ 239,677	\$ 169,684	\$ (69,993)

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances
Budgetary Comparison - Road Fund
For The Year Ended March 31, 2008

	Original Budget		_		Actual		Variance Favorable (Unfavorable)	
Revenues:								
Property taxes	\$	81,043	\$	81,043	\$	84,371	\$	3,328
Interest income				-		604		604
Total revenues		81,043		81,043		84,975		3,932
Expenditures: Public Works								
Road repairs and improvements		61,043		61,043		12,593		48,450
Debt Service:								
Interest expense		20,000		20,000		4,298		15,702
Total expenditures		81,043		81,043		16,891		64,152
Excess of Revenues over Expenditures		-		-		68,084		68,084
Fund Balance - April 1, 2007		90,341		90,341		76,744		13,597
Fund Balance - March 31, 2008	\$	90,341	\$	90,341	\$	144,828	\$	54,487

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Budgetary Comparison - Fire Fund For The Year Ended March 31, 2008

Parameter.		Original Budget		Final Budget		Actual		Variance Favorable (Unfavorable)	
Revenues:	Φ.	04.044	Φ.	04.044	Φ	40.004	Φ.	(00.040)	
Property taxes	\$	81,044	\$	81,044	\$	42,201	\$	(38,843)	
Contributions from governmental units		-		-		42,949		42,949	
Local contributions		-		-		1,200		1,200	
Reimbursements		-		-		6,040		6,040	
Interest income		-		-		567		567	
Other income		2,500		2,500		285		(2,215)	
Total revenues		83,544		83,544		93,242		9,698	
Expenditures:									
Public Safety									
Wages		10,000		10,000		6,661		3,339	
Insurance		25,000		25,000		382		24,618	
Repairs and maintenance		5,000		5,000		601		4,399	
Supplies		6,000		6,000		5,537		463	
Utilities		14,000		14,000		, -		14,000	
Other fire department expenses		23,544		23,544		68,656		(45,112)	
Total public safety		83,544		83,544		81,837		1,707	
Capital Outlay						33,355		(33,355)	
Total expenditures		83,544		83,544		115,192		(31,648)	
Excess of Revenues under Expenditures		-		-		(21,950)		(21,950)	
Fund Balance - April 1, 2007		127,400		127,400		127,400			
Fund Balance - March 31, 2008	\$	127,400	\$	127,400	\$	105,450	\$	(21,950)	

Other Supplementary Information Balance Sheet Nonmajor Funds March 31, 2008

<u>Assets</u>	Debt Service	Liquor Fund	Total
Cash and cash equivalents Taxes receivable	\$ 23,781 20,596	\$ 3,300	\$ 27,081 20,596
Total assets	\$ 44,377	\$ 3,300	\$ 47,677
Fund Balances			
Fund Balances: Unreserved	\$ 44,377	\$ 3,300	\$ 47,677

Other Supplemental Information Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Nonmajor Funds For The Year Ended March 31, 2008

	Debt Service	Liquor Fund	Total
Revenues:			
Special assessment	\$ 43,275	\$ -	\$ 43,275
State shared revenues	-	1,800	1,800
Reimbursements			
Total revenues	43,275	1,800	45,075
Debt Service:			
Principal	60,000	-	60,000
Interest	20,350		20,350
Total expenditures	80,350		80,350
Excess of Revenues over (under) Expenditures	(37,075)	1,800	(35,275)
Fund Balance - April 1, 2007	81,452	1,500	82,952
Fund Balance - March 31, 2008	\$ 44,377	\$ 3,300	\$ 47,677

Statement of Tax Levy and Collections March 31, 2008

	Millage Rate	Adjusted Levy	Collected	Returned Delinquent
Charlevoix County	4.5288	\$196,329	\$179,377	\$16,952
Seniors	0.3853	16,703	14,148	2,555
Medical Care Facility	1.2864	55,767	47,238	8,529
County Transit	0.2408	10,439	8,842	1,597
Recycle	0.1444	6,260	5,303	957
Beaver Island Public School	17.7908	611,511	522,790	88,721
Char-Emmet ISD	2.7395	118,761	100,194	18,567
Beaver Island District Library	0.9000	39,016	33,888	5,128
Beaver Island Medical Center	1.9526	84,648	72,087	12,561
Beaver Island EMS	0.6618	28,690	24,164	4,526
Beaver Island Historical Society	0.2500	10,838	9,160	1,678
SET	6.0000	259,121	237,654	21,467
Township:				
General Allocated	0.9275	40,208	33,960	6,248
General Voted	3.0147	130,691	121,354	9,337
Fire	0.9763	42,324	36,543	5,781
Roads	1.9526	84,648	73,088	11,560
Airport	0.9275	40,208	34,714	5,494
Waster Transfer	1.6232	70,368	61,031	9,337
Tax Collection Fee	 .	18,792	18,792	
Total	46.3022	\$1,865,322	\$1,634,327	\$230,995

Percent of Levy Collected 87.62%

MASON & KAMMERMANN, P.C. CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

HUGH E. MASON VELDA K. KAMMERMANN 110 Park Avenue Charlevoix, Michigan 49720 Telephone (231) 547-4911 Facsimile (231) 547-5911

June 27, 2008

To the Board of Trustees St James Township

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of St James Township for the year ended March 31, 2008, and have issued our report thereon June 27, 2008. Professional standards require that we provide you with the following information related to our audit.

Our Responsibility under U.S. Generally Accepted Auditing Standards

Our responsibility, as described by professional standards, is to express an opinion about whether the financial statements prepared by management with your oversight are fairly presented, in all material respects, in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles. Our audit of the financial statements does not relieve you or management of your responsibilities.

Qualitative Aspects of Accounting Practices

Management is responsible for the selection and use of appropriate accounting policies. The significant accounting policies used by St James Township are described in Note 1 to the financial statements. No new accounting policies were adopted and the application of existing policies was not changed during 2008. We noted no transactions entered into by the Township during the year that were both significant and unusual, and of which, under professional standards, we are required to inform you, or transactions for which there is a lack of authoritative guidance or consensus. There are no significant transactions that have been recognized in the financial statements in a different period than when the transaction occurred.

Accounting estimates are an integral part of the financial statements prepared by management and are based on management's knowledge and experience about past and current events and assumptions about future events. Certain accounting estimates are particularly sensitive because of their significance to the financial statements and because of the possibility that future events affecting them may differ significantly from those expected.

St James Township June 27, 2008 Page 2

The disclosures in the financial statements are neutral, consistent, and clear. Certain financial statement disclosures are particularly sensitive because of their significance to financial users.

Difficulties Encountered in Performing the Audit

We encountered no significant difficulties in dealing with management in performing our audit.

Corrected and Uncorrected Misstatements

Professional standards require us to accumulate all known and likely misstatements identified during the audit, other than those that are trivial, and communicate them to the appropriate level of management. Management has corrected all such misstatements. In addition, none of the misstatements detected as a result of audit procedures and corrected by management were material, either individually or in the aggregate, to the financial statements taken as a whole.

Disagreements with Management

For purposes of this letter, professional standards define a disagreement with management as a matter, whether or not resolved to our satisfaction, concerning a financial accounting, reporting, or auditing matter that could be significant to the financial statements or the auditor's report. We are pleased to report that no such disagreements arose during the course of our audit.

Management Representations

We have requested certain representations from management that are included in the management representation letter dated June 27, 2008.

Management Consultations with Other Independent Accountants

In some cases, management may decide to consult with other accountants about auditing and accounting matters, similar to obtaining a "second opinion" on certain situations. If a consultation involves application of an accounting principle to the governmental unit's financial statements or a determination of the type of auditor's opinion that may be expressed on those statements, our professional standards require the consulting accountant to check with us to determine that the consultant has all the relevant facts. To our knowledge, there were no such consultations with other accountants.

Other Audit Findings or Issues

Auditing standards require us to report to you significant audit findings or issues. Following are the significant findings we noted during our audit:

- There is a lack of segregation of duties in the accounting function due to the limited number of accounting personnel. This condition is generally inherent in organizations the size of St. James Township, where corrective action is not practical, and to the extent possible, duties are allocated between accounting personnel to mitigate the risk of material asset misappropriation.
- St. James Township does not have procedures in place to prepare financial statements in accordance with U.S. generally accepted accounting principals, and to present required financial statement disclosures. However, small organizations with limited resources and personnel inherently have difficulty in establishing and maintaining effective internal accounting controls related to the preparation and review of the formal year-end financial statements.

Additionally we have presented other matters for your consideration in the same letter dated June 27, 2008.

We generally discuss a variety of matters, including the application of accounting principles and auditing standards, with management each year prior to retention as the Township's auditors. However, these discussions occurred in the normal course of our professional relationship and our responses were not a condition to our retention.

This information is intended solely for the use of the Board of Trustees and management of St James Township and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Very truly yours,

Mason & Kammermann, P.C. Certified Public Accountants

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MASON & KAMMERMANN, P.C. CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

HUGH E. MASON VELDA K. KAMMERMANN 110 Park Avenue Charlevoix, Michigan 49720 Telephone (231) 547-4911 Facsimile (231) 547-5911

June 27, 2008

To the Township Board St James Township Beaver Island, Michigan

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of St James Township as of and for the year ended March 31, 2008, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, we considered St James Township's internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Township's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Township's internal control.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the preceding paragraph and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be significant deficiencies or material weaknesses. In addition, because of inherent limitations in internal control, including the possibility of management override of controls, misstatements due to error or fraud may occur and not be detected by such controls. However, as discussed below, we identified certain deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be significant deficiencies.

A control deficiency exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect misstatements on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a control deficiency, or a combination of control deficiencies, that adversely affects the entity's ability to initiate, authorize, record, process, or report financial data reliably in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles such that there is more than a remote likelihood that a misstatement of the entity's financial statements that is more than inconsequential will not be prevented or detected by the entity's internal control.

A material weakness is a significant deficiency, or a combination of significant deficiencies, that results in more than a remote likelihood that a material misstatement of the financial statements will not be prevented or detected by the entity's internal control. We believe that the following deficiencies constitute material weaknesses:

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Segregation of Duties

A properly designed system of internal control segregates the accounting responsibilities from employees who have access to physical assets such as cash, investments and payroll, from authorization and approval of transactions and account reconciliations. The small size of the administrative staff precludes a complete segregation of duties resulting in more than a remote risk that material misstatements could occur and not be detected during normal activities.

Preparation of Financial Statements

During the course of our audit, it was noted employees and/or management have limited technical expertise to prepare the Township's financial statements and notes to the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. The preparation of the Township's financial statements and notes in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America is the responsibility of management. Management is responsible for establishing, maintaining, and monitoring internal controls, and for the fair presentation in the financial statements of financial position, results of operations, and cash flows, including the notes to the financial statements, in conforming with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

The Township, as is common with smaller entities, has historically relied on its independent external auditors to assist in the preparation of the government-wide financial statements and footnotes as part of its external financial reporting process. Accordingly, the Township's ability to prepare financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America is based, in part, on its reliance on its external auditors, who cannot by definition be considered part of the government's internal controls.

The result of this condition is that the Township lacks internal controls over the preparation of financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and instead relies, in part, on its external auditors for assistance with this task.

Budgeting

Public Act 621 of 1978, Section 18(1), as amended, provides that a local unit shall not incur expenditures in excess of the amount appropriated. During the year ended March 31, 2008, St. James incurred expenditures that exceeded the amount appropriated for the General Fund and the Fire Fund, as shown in the body of the financial statements.

We suggest that the Board on a periodic basis, review appropriations as compared to actual expenditures and amend the budget as necessary, prior to incurring the expenditures to avoid incurring expenditures in excess of appropriations.

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This communication is intended solely for the information and use of management, the Board of Trustees, and others within the organization, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Sincerely,

Mason & Kammermann, P.C.

Certified Public Accountants